ALLAMA IQBAL OPEN UNIVERSITY, ISLAMABAD (Department of Mathematics & Statistics)

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Course: Mathematics for Computing-I (3401) Level: BS (CS) Semester: Autumn, 2012 Total Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50

ASSIGNMENT No. 1 (Units: 1–3)

Note: All questions carry equal marks.

- Q. 1 (a) Solve the inequality and represent the solution on a coordinate line $\frac{3x+1}{x-2} < 1$.
 - (b) Draw the graph of the equation 4x + 3y + 12 = 0 and also find x and y intercepts.
- Q. 2 (a) Write down distance formula and find distance from the point (3,-2) to line y=4.
 - (b) Find the domain and range of the given function $f(x) = \frac{1}{1 \sqrt{x}}$.
- Q. 3 (a) For the function f(x) = 1/(1+x) and g(x) = x² find (f₀g) (x) and (f₀f) (x).
 (b) Find the following limits
 - Find the following limits (i) $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{\sqrt{5x^2-2}}{x+3}$ (ii) $\lim_{x\to0} \frac{x}{|x|}$
- Q. 4 (a) Define continuous functions and check the function f(x) = |x| for continuity.
 - (b) Make a table for the important rules of differentiation.
- Q. 5 (a) Given that F(x) = f(x), g(x) where f(x) = 4x + 1 and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 5}$. Find the points where F'(x) = 0.

(b) What is implicit differentiation? Evaluate $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $x^3 - y^3 = 6xy$.

ASSIGNMENT No. 2 (Units: 4–7)

Total Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 50

Note: All questions carry equal marks.

- For the function $f(x) = x^4 8x^2 + 16$ find the interval on which f(x) is Q. 1 (a) increasing or decreasing, concave up or concave down and inflection points.
 - Locate the critical points for the function $f(x) = 2x^3 6x + 7$ (b)
- Approximate the real solution by Newton's method $x^3 x + 3 = 0$ O. 2 (a)
 - Find all the values of c by verifying Mean Value Theorem for the function, (b) $f(x) = x^2 + x$, [-4,6]
- Q. 3 (a) Evaluate the integral $\int_0^2 \sqrt{4-x^2} dx$

Solve the following trigonometric integral $\int_{\frac{\pi}{n}}^{\frac{\pi}{n}} sin\theta cos\theta d\theta$ (b)

Q. 4 (a) Find the area enclosed by the curves
$$y = x^3$$
, $y = -x$ and $y = 8$

- Find the volume of the solid generated when the region enclosed by (b) y = x, y = 2 and y - axis is revolved about the y - axis.
- Q. 5 (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when (i) $y = \cos(\ln x)$ (ii) $y = \frac{\ln x}{1 + \ln x}$ (b) For the function $f(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x}$ find $f^{-1}(x)$ and identity the domain and rang for inverse function.
